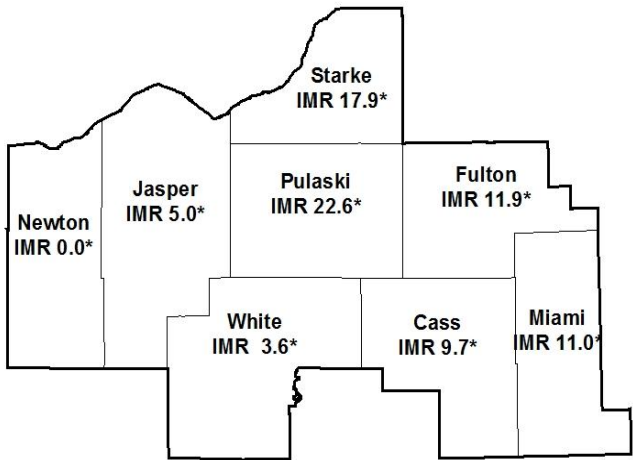


# INFANT MORTALITY

## MIDWESTERN HOSPITAL REGION 2012

For more information on infant mortality in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Mortality Report, Tables 2 and 8 (<http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/mortality/2012/toc.htm>)

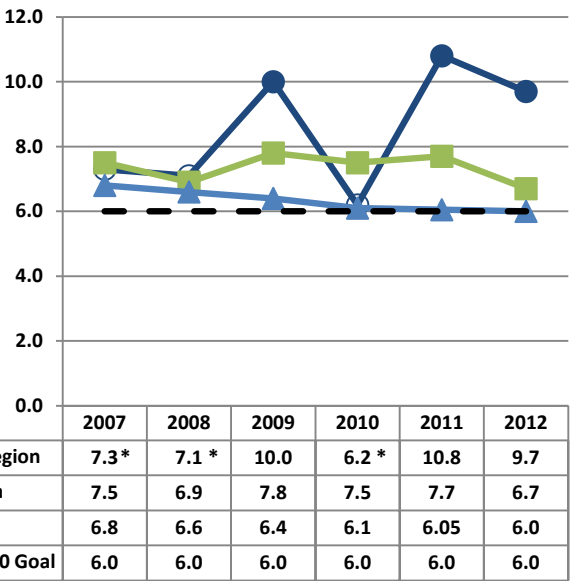


\*Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.

### INFANT MORTALITY FACTS

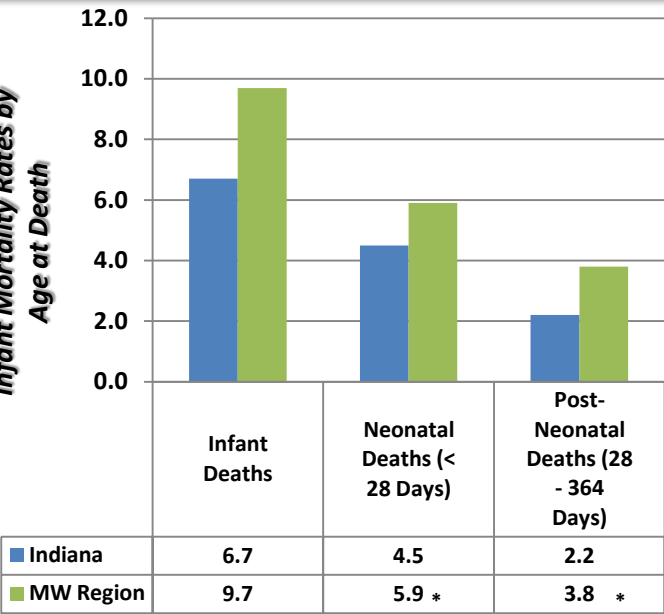
- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life, per 1,000 live births
- Of the 556 Indiana infant deaths in 2012, 23 occurred in the Midwestern Region
- Black infants are 2.7 times more likely to die than white infants in Indiana and 12 times more likely in the Midwestern Region

Infant Mortality Rates  
2007 - 2012



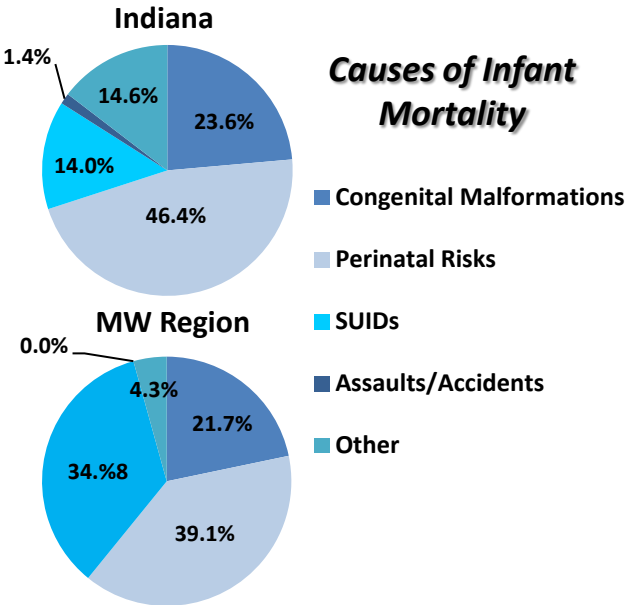
\*Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.  
Note: U.S. 2012 rate is *PROVISIONAL*

Infant Mortality Rates by  
Age at Death



### PRACTICES TO REDUCE INFANT MORTALITY

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks
- Decrease prenatal smoking & substance abuse
- Promote safe sleep practices
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity
- Support birth spacing & interconception wellness



# BIRTH OUTCOME INDICATORS

## MIDWESTERN HOSPITAL REGION 2012

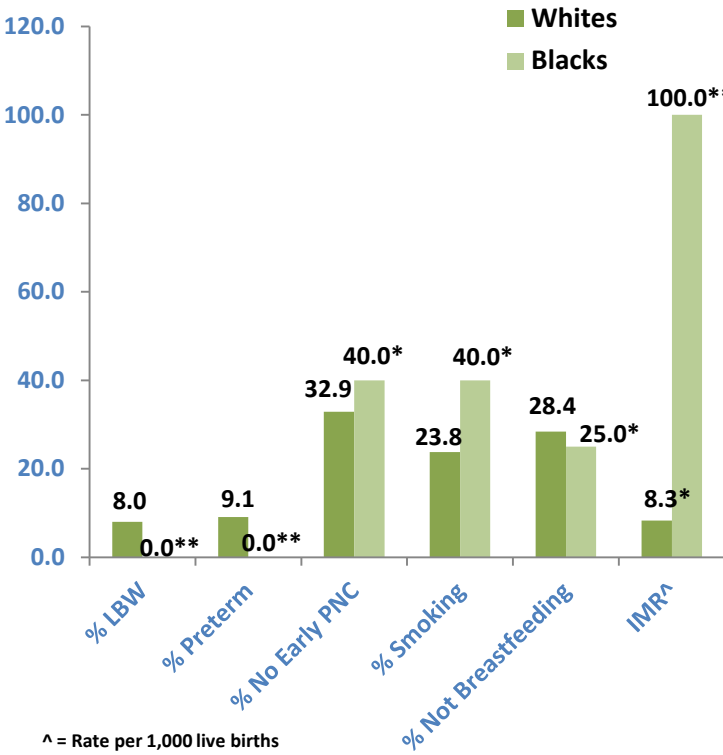
For more information on birth outcomes in your area, please see the Indiana State Department of Health Natality Report, Table 32 (<http://www.in.gov/isdh/reports/natality/2012/toc.htm>)

### INDIANA QUICK FACTS

- Smoking rates among pregnant women are always one of the nation’s worst
- Almost 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early PNC
- Black women in Indiana are more likely to have a LBW or preterm baby & not get early PNC
- White women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy

### MIDWESTERN REGION QUICK FACTS

- Lower percentage of preterm babies than Indiana
- Fewer women receiving early PNC
- Higher percentage of women smoking during pregnancy
- Higher percentage of women NOT breastfeeding at hospital discharge



LBW = Low Birthweight  
PNC = Prenatal Care  
IMR = Infant Mortality Rate

^ = Rate per 1,000 live births  
\* Numerator less than 20, rate unstable.  
\*\* Less than 5 birth outcomes, rate unstable.

	% LBW (<2,500 G)	% PRETERM (<37 WKS GESTATION)	% NO EARLY PNC (1 <sup>ST</sup> TRIMESTER)	% SMOKING	% NOT BREASTFEEDING
CASS	9.9 25.3% Higher	9.9 3.1% Higher	39.5 25.0% Higher	18.9 14.5% Higher	31.3 28.3% Higher
FULTON	6.3*	7.9 17.7% Lower	40.3 27.5% Higher	29.3 77.6% Higher	32.8 34.4% Higher
JASPER	6.0 24.1% Lower	8.0 16.7% Lower	27.1 14.2% Lower	19.8 20.0% Higher	20.8 14.8% Lower
MIAMI	9.6 21.5% Higher	11.8 22.9% Higher	25.3 19.9% Lower	23.6 43.0% Higher	32.1 31.6% Higher
NEWTON	6.5*	8.4*	37.4 18.4% Higher	25.2 52.7% Higher	32.9 34.8% Higher
PULASKI	6.0*	6.8*	33.1 4.7% Higher	23.3 41.2% Higher	30.1 23.4% Higher
STARKE	5.7*	6.4*	36.1 14.2% Higher	27.1 64.2% Higher	23.6 3.3% Lower
WHITE	10.0 26.6% Higher	10.0 4.2% Higher	30.0 5.1% Lower	26.4 60.0% Higher	26.4 8.2% Higher
MIDWESTERN REGION	7.9 No difference	9.0 6.3% Lower	33.3 5.4% Higher	23.4 41.8% Higher	28.4 16.4% Higher
INDIANA	7.9	9.6	31.6	16.5	24.4

\* = Unstable rate due to fewer than 20 birth outcomes.  
•Bottom number is percent difference from State.